

8. **Paul's Statement: (1 Cor 13) (V 8-10)** "Charity never _____: but whether there be _____, they _____; whether there be _____, they shall _____; whether there be _____, it shall _____ away. For we know _____, and we prophesy _____." But when that which is _____ is _____, then that which is _____." What would happen to prophecies? _____; To tongues? _____; To the word of knowledge? _____ Paul wrote: "For we know _____, and we prophesy _____." A part is never the _____ therefore it is incomplete and lacking. This was during the early stages of NT Christianity. The church was immature. The *spiritual gifts* were important to *confirm* "the faith" and existed briefly to contribute their "part" in the *perfecting* of God's plan for the Christian Age. We now have complete confirmation.
9. **When "That Which Is PERFECT" Comes (1 Cor 10:13)** "But when that which is _____ is _____, then that which is _____ shall be done away." We have seen that the 9 *spiritual gifts* were *temporary* since they were "in part" and transitional. This means that they were vital in the beginning stages of Christianity but soon fulfilled their purpose. The word "perfect" in the Bible means *whole, complete, mature, not lacking in any part*. After the *parts* had served their usefulness, they yielded to something greater that was not incomplete. The perfect couldn't come until the in part faded away. The two were incompatible. They could not exist simultaneously.
10. **Just What Is This Perfection?** The best definition is *the complete*. Once all of the signs, wonders and miracles, the first generation apostolic laying on of hands, the second generation utilization of spiritual gifts, and the passing of the gifts themselves was accomplished the gospel of Jesus Christ was manifested throughout the civilized world. (Col 1:23) "Be not moved _____ the hope of _____, which ye have _____, and which _____ to every _____ which is under heaven."
11. **Was It The Converging And Meshing Of All Things To Accomplish God's Wishes? YES!** It began with Christ: (Gal 4:4) "But when the _____ was come, God sent forth his _____, made of a _____, made under the _____." Later, James wrote: "But whoso looketh into the perfect law of liberty, and continueth therein, he being not a forgetful hearer, but a doer of the work, this man shall be blessed in his deed." Scripture? _____ Paul, in commenting on the *infancy* age of the church, said: (1 Cor 13:11) "When I was a _____, I _____ as a child, I _____ as a child, I _____ as a child: but when I became a _____, I _____ childish things." He is showing how God's plan progressed from Patriarchy (a family system), to Judaism (a nationalistic system), then to Christianity (an international system). He refers to Christianity: (Heb 6:1) "Let us go on unto _____." Christ was confirmed; miracles were no longer necessary; we are now (2 Tim 3:16-17) "*thoroughly furnished unto all good works.*"

Read All Choices And Circle The Best Answer

12. Eighth gift listed? **different tongues** faith prophecy word of wisdom
13. Covet, but seek? **prosperity** the holy grail the best gifts the high road
14. "that which is perfect" means? **heaven** threescore & ten total confirmation in Christ
15. System of Christianity? **international** nebular is confusing nationalistic
16. "members in particular"? **Romans** 1 Corinthians Ephesians Colossians
17. In 1 Cor. 13 – "in part" means? **incomplete** inaccessible inane inappropriate
18. "When I was a child" refers to? **life in Tarsus** many years before infancy age church Freud
19. Simon Peter? **second generation** a monk a necromancer something else
20. Andrew? **first generation** a cardinal a necromancer something else