

Different Kinds of Baptisms in the NT

9. **Great Commission Baptism** Our concern and focus is the *baptism* that Jesus commanded when he gave the Great Commission. We would do well to refer to baptism for remission of sins as the baptism of the Great Commission. List scriptures where the GC is found in MT, MK and LK: _____
10. **John's Baptism** John's mission (Mt 3) was to *prepare* material for the kingdom. Who was he? _____ To whom only did he preach and baptize? _____
11. **How And Why?** What element did John employ in his baptizing? _____ In a word, what did he preach? _____ When obedient hearers obeyed they did so anticipating what? _____ This *prepared* them for entrance into what? _____ Was John's baptism valid after Pentecost (Acts 2) when the kingdom was established? _____ If not, why not? _____
13. **It Was Invalid After Pentecost** In (Acts 19) folks were re-baptized. Why? _____
14. **Jesus' Baptism of Suffering** This is a metaphorical use of *baptism*. Does this mean it carries the same definition but is used figuratively? _____ Jesus said: (Lk 12:50) "*But I have a _____ to be baptized with; and how am I _____ till it be accomplished!*" Although figurative, Jesus was immersed with/in something. Wasn't that why Jesus prayed so hard (Mt 26:39), "*Let this _____ pass from me*"? _____ Truly (Heb 5:8-9) he learned "*_____ by the things which he _____.*"
15. **Baptism of the Fleeing Israelites from Egypt** (1 Cor 10:2) "*And were all _____ unto Moses in the _____ and in the _____.*" See (Ex 14). Is this baptism figurative? _____ What cloud? _____ What sea? _____ Were the immersed in the sense that the cloud overshadowed them and the sea surrounded them? _____
16. **Holy Spirit Baptism** Holy Spirit baptism was promised – never commanded. It was *promised* only to the apostles. In (Lk 24:33) the text speaks of "*the _____ gathered together.*" Why were there only eleven apostles? See (Mt 27:3-5). _____ Later (V49), Jesus said to them, "*Behold, I send the _____ of my Father upon you: but tarry ye in the city of _____, until ye be endued with _____ from on high.*"
17. **The Promise** It was made only to the apostles, now 12 in number, as (Acts 1:26) _____ was selected to take Judas' place. Note: Acts is a continuing account by Luke so Lk 24 ends where Acts 1 begins. This promise would be fulfilled shortly in _____ on _____ Day.
18. **Pentecost Day-Acts 2** What happened (V1-4) to the apostles? _____ Was this fulfillment of God's promise (Acts 1:5) that "*ye shall be _____ with the _____ Ghost not many days hence*"? _____ Was this when (Mk 9:1) "*the kingdom of God*" came "*with power*"? _____ What kind of miraculous power was demonstrated by the apostles? _____
19. **Later** Peter and John (Acts 8:14-17) who were both _____, did what to the Samaritans? _____ What did this do for the recipients? _____ The evangelist Philip, not an apostle, had preceded Peter and John. He had earlier (V6) performed _____. He had already had apostolic hands laid on him but Simon, a _____ (V9-24), knew that *only* apostles had received "the promise" and didn't ask Philip to lay hands on him. Why not? _____ He knew only Peter and John had received the baptism of the _____. Whom did he ask for miraculous power? _____ and _____.

Read All Choices And Circle The Best Answer

20. Paul referred to baptism as? **sprinkling burial embalming terrifying**
21. Pede-baptists immerse? **no one children adults those over 40**
22. Jesus commanded? **HS baptism Red Sea baptism suffering the baptism of the GC**
23. Holy Spirit Baptism? **oft practiced commanded Israelites promised**
24. John's Baptism? **with fire preparatory in salt water was unnecessary**