

8. **Properly Dividing The Scriptures Means Understanding That The Old Law (Mosaic) Is No Longer In Force** The second promise God made to Abraham (Gen 12:3) was, “and _____ shall _____ families _____ be blessed.” It wouldn’t just be Jewish families. The _____ (Isa 62:2) would see God’s _____ too. Folks who want to live under OT Law need to remember it applied only to Jews. Unless you are Jewish, it wouldn’t have worked for you, even if it hadn’t been abrogated (Col 2:14; Eph 2:14-16).
9. **The Christian Dispensation = A New Covenant** (Jer 31) “*The days come, saith the LORD, that I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel, and with the house of Judah.*” Verse? _____ A new what? _____ What is a covenant? _____ The writer of Hebrews, likely Paul, explains (Heb 8:6-12) the need for a new covenant and adds (V13), “*In that he saith, _____, he hath made the first _____. Now that which _____ and _____ old is ready to _____ away.*” Jewish Christians were to understand they were no longer under the Old Law.
10. **A Different Priesthood** Only Levites were priests under the old law. Only the issue of Aaron could serve as high priests. With Christianity there was a need to change this. (Heb 7:12) “*For the _____ being _____, there is made _____ a change also of _____.*” We have a new high priest: (Heb 9:11) “*But _____ being come an high priest.*” (Heb 3:1) “*Consider the _____ and High Priest of our profession, _____.*” Every true Christian is a priest. (1 Pet 2:5) “*Ye also, as _____ stones, are built up a _____ house, an holy _____, to offer up _____ sacrifices, acceptable _____ by Jesus Christ.*”
11. **Jesus Took Away The First (Old) Law** (Heb 10:9) “*Then said he, Lo, I _____, O God. He taketh away the _____, that he may _____.*”
12. **It Was Nailed To The Cross** When Jesus died the Old Law died. (Gal 4:4-5) “*But when the fulness of the time was come, God sent forth his Son, _____, made _____ the _____, to _____ them that were under the law.*” The phrase “made of a woman” defines the virgin birth. The phrase “made under the law” means he lived and died while the Law of Moses was in force. (Col 2:14) “*Blotting out the handwriting of _____ that was against us, which was _____ to us, and took it _____, nailing it to _____ cross.*”
13. **NT Operative Only After Christ’s Death** (Heb 9:16-17) “*For where a testament is, there must also of necessity be the _____ of the testator. For a testament is of force _____ men are dead: otherwise it is of _____ at all while the testator _____.*” The NT would have force once it came. Christ had to die in order for it to come. It came with “power” on Pentecost (Acts 2).
14. **Two Commissions** Jesus gave a *limited commission* (Mt 10:5-7) which was to prepare *Jews only*. Later he gave an *unlimited commission*, called the Great Commission, which would include (Mk 16:15) “*every _____.*” The limited commission was of force under Moses. The great commission had application under _____. It includes _____ and _____.
15. **Christ Has Primacy In The Christian Dispensation** Moses said: (Deut 18:15) “*The LORD thy God will _____ unto thee a _____ from the midst of thee, _____, like unto _____; unto him ye shall hearken.*” Moses was that lawgiver under the Jewish Age. Christ is the great lawgiver under the _____ Age. Jesus (Heb 1:2) is our lawgiver today.

Read All The Choices And Circle The Best Answer

16. The Old Law was? **musty** **faulty** **well preserved** **perfect**
17. Was a *shadow*? **Law of Moses** **Moses** **Christ** **Abraham**
18. Two? **men** **commissions** **wells** **dispensations**
19. A national system of religion? **Christian Age** **Patriarchal Age** **Mosaic Age**
20. Has primacy now? **Moses** **God the Father** **Jesus** **none of these**